





King Schools, Inc.

# **Private Pilot Syllabus**

A Roadmap to Change Your Life Forever

Featuring King Schools:

Private Pilot Ground School and Test Prep Course Private Pilot Practical Test Course Special Subject Takeoff Courses

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Version 1.1

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#### ISBN: 978-0-9911957-5-6

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# King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus A Roadmap to Change Your Life Forever

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## King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus

## RECORD of REVISIONS

Revision Number	Revision Date	Online Date	Change Description
Ver. 1.0 Ver. 1.1	07-12-13 12-21-16	07-12-13 12-22-16	ORIGINAL Pg. ii, 32-40: Airman Certification Standards replaced Practical Test Standards
Ver. 1.1	12-21-16	12-22-16	Pg. Title, ii-v: Knowledge Test Course renamed Ground School and Test Prep Course
Ver. 1.1	12-21-16	12-22-16	Ground School and Test Prep Course Pg. v: Communications renamed Pilot Communications; Pg vi: Radio Navigation renamed Electronic Navigation, VFR Cross-Country Planning corrected to VFR Cross-Country Flying, Navigation A to Z renamed Airplane Navigation A to Z; Pg vii: Weather Wise renamed Aviation Weather Wise

## King Schools, Inc. Private Pilot Syllabus A Roadmap to Change Your Life Forever

### To the individual choosing to learn to fly:

You are probably reading this syllabus because you are thinking about, or have already decided to add a significant dimension to your life by becoming a pilot. Whatever your motivation, you will find such undertaking at times seems daunting, but on the whole, it will excite you, provide profound satisfaction, as well as it will emotionally and intellectually stimulate you. You will be joining a unique segment of our population. The very act of piloting an airplane expands your mind and senses like nothing else you've ever experienced.

#### What is the objective of this syllabus?

The King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus provides a curriculum of instruction for the FAA required aeronautical knowledge areas using King Schools, Inc. courses and a structured flight training program for airplanes leading to a Private Pilot Certificate ("license"). This curriculum is designed for an individual with zero piloting experience to achieve their private pilot certificate in as little as 35 hours of ground instruction and \*35 hours of flight instruction.

\*Note: You should be aware that for a variety of valid reasons, the average time needed to complete a private pilot course is 60-90% greater than the 35-flight hour minimum. Longer training times can be attributed to the increasing complexity of airspace near many airports where flight training is offered and interruptions in training while progressing through the curriculum.

This organized sequence of ground and flight lessons build on basic awareness, elementary concepts and skills to achieve the higher level of physical skills, knowledge, and risk management tools. You will gain a keen understanding of the risks associated with flying and learn effective ways to manage those risks giving you a logical path for safe, fun ways to exercise your piloting privileges.

Upon successful completion of this syllabus, as a holder of a Private Pilot certificate, you will be authorized to fly single-engine airplanes carrying passengers during visual flight rules (VFR) weather conditions.

#### How do I start training using this syllabus?

You may take flight training conforming to this syllabus at a business operating as a flight school or with an independent flight instructor. Flight school businesses may be holders of an FAA Pilot School certificate giving them authorization to offer the 35-hour curriculum. Flight training with independent flight instructors and those flight schools not holding an FAA Pilot School certificate must meet a 40-hour minimum. The King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus conforms to the requirements of the 35 minimum flight hour curriculum, but it is easily adaptable for a program based on 40 minimum flight hours.

FAA certificated Pilot Schools are referred to as "Part 141" schools meaning that they conform to Title 14 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations, Part 141. The FAA approves all Part 141 Pilot Schools and closely monitors the quality of their training program. A Part 141 school using this syllabus must have submitted it as a portion of their Training Course Outline (TCO) and received approval before employing it.

### What prerequisites are necessary before starting flight training?

To enroll in a Private Pilot Certification course at a Part 141 Pilot School you must hold one of the following certificates:

- Recreational Pilot Certificate,
- Sport Pilot Certificate, or
- Student Pilot Certificate
  - Before enrolling in the solo flight phase
  - Normally your Student Pilot Certificate is on the reverse side of your medical certificate

#### What are the steps for becoming a private pilot?

Earning a Private Pilot certificate involves the items listed below. Your instructor can explain each and can answer any question you may have.

- Be at least 17 years old
  - You can start training earlier, but
  - You must be at least 16 years old to fly solo (without an instructor)
- Pass a simple medical exam (3<sup>rd</sup> Class) with an FAA Designated Aviation Medical Examiner
  - To find the Aviation Medical Examiners in your area: <u>http://www.faa.gov/pilots/amelocator/</u>
- Pass a test on aeronautical knowledge
  - The King Schools Ground School and Test Prep Course prepares you for that test
- Complete the required flight training for the course
   See the table summary on pages ix xii of this syllabus
- Pass a practical test with a Pilot Examiner
  - Meeting or exceeding the criteria in the FAA Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards
    - A link to the latest downloadable version is provided with the King Schools *Practical Test Course*

#### How do I start the King Schools Private Pilot curriculum?

Once you have enrolled in your flight training curriculum, you will want to review this syllabus with your flight instructor to establish a schedule and set clear, mutual expectations for your training. Your instructor is there to facilitate your learning, mentor and guide you, keep the training environment safe, and incrementally transfer management of all flight elements to you, so that when you complete your training, you will truly be qualified to be "Pilot-in-Command."

During your training you will acquire a new set of knowledge unique to aviation and this is accomplished in large part through your ground lessons. You will want to refer to the table on page v, the *Recommended King Course Ground Lesson Schedule* as your guide for study. It provides a sequence the King Schools curriculum materials and pairs topics up with the flight training lessons. These courses also help you prepare for the FAA knowledge test and the oral portion of your FAA practical test. You will want to keep up with or be ahead of the ground lesson schedule to be on track with your flight lessons and be ready at the appropriate time for those tests.

### To flight instructors and flight schools using this syllabus:

#### 14 CFR Part 141 Training

The King Schools Private Pilot syllabus incorporates King Schools courses for aeronautical knowledge instruction. Using the *Recommended King Course Ground Lesson Schedule* table starting on page v, the King Schools Knowledge Test and the King Schools Practical Test courses provide the Core Ground Training knowledge curriculum on the required topics satisfying 26.5 hours of the 35-hour minimum. The 15 King Schools single-subject Takeoff Courses noted on the Supplemental Ground Training list offer expanded instruction exceeding the minimum ground training requirements by over 10 hours.

It is anticipated that Part 141 training courses using the King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus will incorporate both the core and supplemental courses (offered in package pricing). If a Part 141 Training Course Outline does not specify the courses on the Supplemental list, it must include lessons to satisfy at least 8.5 hours of additional ground training to ensure the pilot-in-training has the required 35 hours. Each King Schools course tracks the pilot-in-training progress and provides a certificate upon successful completion of each course.

The Course Completion Flight Minimums Table starting on page ix of this syllabus reflects the Flight Training requirements under 14 CFR Part 141 Appendix B of a Private Pilot certification course.

#### 14 CFR Part 61 Training

This syllabus is coordinated with King Schools courses with which you are probably already familiar. The Knowledge Test Course and the Practical Test Course are foundational to this syllabus, and the 15 single-topic *Takeoff Courses* applicable to Private Pilot are highly recommended augmentation. There are package options your client can take advantage of. You and your client should discuss a study schedule to match their goals and flight schedule. You will want to encourage and monitor your client's study so that they are prepared for the tests at the appropriate time without loss of continuity in their training.

#### Private Pilot Ground School and Test Prep Course:

Ground School for the required aeronautical knowledge areas and the FAA knowledge test. This course may be taken prior to starting the flight training or incrementally thorough it as suggested in the Ground Lesson Schedule on page v.

#### Private Pilot Practical Test Course:

Ground school preparation for the FAA practical test (oral and in-flight portions). This course is most effective when taken later in the training.

Takeoff Courses (Individual single-topic courses):

Each applicable course is listed with a suggested progress point for taking it.

#### Scenario Based Training

You are encouraged to create and use a realistic scenario for each of these lessons such that your client has an intellectual and emotional investment for every flight. Each scenario will include a plausible reason for making the flight...on that day...at that time. It will also state or imply consequences if the flight is not completed (your wife won't speak to you for a week if you miss her sister's birthday party; this meeting is crucial to your company's future; etc.).

Using such scenarios goes hand-in-hand with the early involvement of your client identifying and managing risks.

#### **Task Grading**

You will want to make sure your client clearly understands the objective of each flight and task and the acceptable performance standard for each. The grading for each task/maneuver is either "Meets" indicating the pilot you are training met or exceeded the minimum standard, or "Continue" indicating that the task was either not performed or not performed per the minimum standard. A continued task will then be added to a subsequent lesson.

To avoid unrealistic expectations, make sure your client understands that some tasks are more difficult than others and may require more than one flight to master. It is also helpful they understand that interruptions in the training schedule for weather, personal schedules, etc. can make it necessary to revisit tasks that have been previously mastered.

#### Learner-Centered Grading

You may want to employ the postflight "learner-centered grading" technique of asking your client to mark and evaluate their performance with each of the tasks on that flight while at the same time you mark your form. You can then use a comparison of the marks for your lesson debrief. It may be very revealing to see where you and your client matched and where you didn't. This offers the opportunity to discuss the differences. As the instructor, you have the final authority in assigning the grade.

#### **Lesson Completion**

Ground training study is tracked within in the individual King Schools courses and each course makes available a printable completion certificate when all the requirements for that course are done. Individual subjects within the King Schools Ground School and Test Prep Course may be documented by printing a screen capture of the course main menu that displays a checkmark and date for a completed subject.

A flight lesson is complete when all the tasks have been graded as meeting or exceeding the task standards and lesson total and sub-category times meet or exceed the minimum listed in the table on pages ix and x. Individual tasks not attempted or not meeting standards within a lesson may be carried over and included in the next lesson within that stage. If there are incomplete tasks in the last lesson within a stage, that lesson must be repeated as necessary to finish all tasks to the standards. If a lesson task requires equipment not available in the aircraft or training device (i.e. autopilot), that task will be noted as not applicable in the training course outline.

#### **Stage Completion**

A stage is complete when all the lessons have been completed including progress checks and any specified tests.

#### RECOMMENDED KING COURSE GROUND LESSON SCHEDULE

If the pilot-in-training does not complete the Knowledge Test Course before beginning flight training, recommend following schedule of ground lessons be done prior to the paired flight lesson. Recommend that the pilot-in-training successfully complete the FAA knowledge test before the first solo cross country. The training times noted account for video instruction and answering questions. Although this schedule applies to both Part 61 and Part 141 courses, the "Pt 141 App B pp" columns identify the paragraphs of Part 141 Appendix B (aeronautical knowledge requirement) covered in those topics.

KTC—refers to the King Schools Private Pilot Ground School and

Test Prep Course with subject title PTC—refers to the King Schools Private Pilot Practical Test Course

TOC—refers to a King Schools Takeoff Course by title

(D)—refers to "dual" flown with an instructor and logged as "flight training"

(S)—refers to "solo" in which the client is the sole occupant of the aircraft

FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND TR	AINING		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING				
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE &	Training	Pt 141	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK	Training	Pt 141		
	PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Time	Арр В рр	MANAGEMENT COURSES	Time	Арр В рр		
	Stage 1:Fai	miliarization	and Basic C	ontrol				
1-Introduction and				TOC Takeoffs and Landings Made	1.2	3(b)(7)		
Familiarization (D)				Easy				
2-Exploring Control (D)	KTC Aerodynamics	1.3	3(b)(7),					
			(10),(11)					
3-Interpreting the	KTC Flight Instruments	0.8	3(b)(10)	TOC Pilot Communications	1.8	3(b)(5)		
Instruments and	-							
Investigating Slow Flight (D)								
4-Learning About Stalls and	KTC Communications and Radar	0.8	3(b)(5),	TOC Taming Stalls and Spins	1.4	3(b)(4)		
Improving Control (D)	Services		(7)					
5-Flying a Desired Path	KTC Sectional Charts	0.8	3(b)(4)					
Over the Ground (D)								
6-Instrument Reference								
and Progress Check (D)								
	Stage 2: Refin	ing Control	and Learning	g to Land				
7-Normal Takeoffs and	KTC Airspace and Weather	2.0	3(b)(1)					
Landings (D)	Minimums							
8-Crosswind Takeoffs and	KTC Flight Operations	3.3	3(b)(3),					
Landings (D)			(7),(8),					
			(10),(12),					
			(13)(i)					

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FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND TR	AINING		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING				
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE &	Training	Pt 141	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK	Training	Pt 141		
	PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Time	Арр В рр	MANAGEMENT COURSES	Time	Арр В рр		
9-Instrument Reference and Landing Proficiency (D)								
10-Dealing with Emergencies (D)	KTC Federal Aviation Regulations	2.4	3(b)(1), (2),(7), (13)(i)	TOC Surviving Your Most Feared Emergencies	1.1	3(b)(10), (13)(ii)		
11-Pre-Solo Progress Check (D)	Take Pre-solo Knowledge Test							
12-First Solo (D/S)								
	Stage 3: Expand	ling Maneu	vers and Lan	dings Skills	1	1		
13-Review and Solo (D/S)	KTC Weight and Balance	1.0	3(b)(9)					
14-Short Field Takeoff and Landing (D)	KTC Aircraft Performance	1.4	3(b)(8), (13)(i)					
15-Building Skill with Maneuvers and Landings (S)								
16-Soft Field Takeoff and Landing (D)	KTC Weather	3.7	3(b)(6), (13)(i)					
17- Maneuver Practice (S)				TOC METAR/TAF Made Easy	1.3	3(b)(6)		
	Stage 4	4: Night and	Cross Count	try	1	1		
18-Pilotage and DR Cross Country (D)	KTC Cross Country Planning	3.1	3(b)(4)	TOC VFR Cross-Country Flying	1.9	3(b)(4),(6) (13)(i)(ii)		
19-Electronic Navigation (D)	KTC Electronic Navigation	1.6	3(b)(4)	TOC Airplane Navigation From A to Z	2.2	3(b)(4)		
20-All Systems Cross Country (D)								
21-Night Flying (D)				TOC Night Flying	0.7	3(b)(7), (12)		
22-Pre-Solo Cross Country Progress Check (D)				TOC Airport Signs, Markings & Procedures	1.1	3(b)(3)		

FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND 1	<b>FRAINING</b>		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING				
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE	Training	Pt 141 App	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK	Training	Pt 141		
	& PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Time	Врр	MANAGEMENT COURSES	Time	Арр В рр		
23-First Solo Cross Country (S)	Take FAA Knowledge Test			TOC Aviation Weather Wise	0.9	3(b)(6), (13)(i)		
24-Night Cross Country (D)				TOC The Complete Airspace Review	1.8	3(b)(1)		
25-Second Solo Cross Country (S)				TOC Practical Risk Management for Pilots	1.3	3(b)(12), (13)(ii)		
26-Emergencies and Instrument review (D)				TOC Surviving Systems Emergencies	1.8	3(b)(10), (13)(ii)		
27-Long Solo Cross Country(S)				TOC Making Your Own Rules— Personal Minimums	1.2	3(b)(12)		
	Sta	age 5: Earni	ng your certif	icate				
28-Maneuvers Review (D)				TOC VFR Regulations Refresher	1.9	3(b)(1)		
29-Maneuvers Practice (S)								
30-Pre-Checkride Instructor Review (D)	PTC (entire course)	4.3						
31-Pre-Checkride Progress Check (D)								
Total K	TC & PTC	26.5		Total TOC	21.6			

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## Course Completion Flight Training Minimums Tables

This syllabus was designed to be used for a 14 CFR Part 141 FAA certificated Pilot School training course (table pages ix and x) as well as a course meeting the requirements for Part 61 training (table pages xi and xii).

The shaded areas on this table are the minimum times within a flight lesson for a specific training category, that if met or exceeded, will make sure the pilot being trained meets the FAA required minimums for those categories. You will find the applicable FAA total requirements for each category in the last row of the table.

These tables reflect a typical number of flights and the minimum number of hours to complete the FAA time/event requirements. Interruptions in the training schedule for weather, personal schedules, etc. can require additional review to achieve/regain the necessary proficiency.

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
1	1	0.9	0.9							
	2	0.9	0.9							
	3	1.0	1.0							
	4	1.0	1.0							0.3
	5	0.9	0.9							
	6 <b>Prg</b> √	1.2	1.2							0.3
Stage	Totals	5.9	5.9							0.6
2	7	0.9	0.9							0.3
	8	1.0	1.0							
	9	1.0	1.0							
	10	1.0	1.0							
	11 <b>Prg</b> √	1.2	1.2							0.3
	12	1.0	0.7	0.3						
Stage	Totals	6.1	5.8	0.3						0.6
3	13	1.0		0.3						
	14	0.9	0.9							
	15	0.9		0.9						
	16 <b>Prg</b> ✓	1.2	1.2							
	17	0.9		0.9					1	
Stage	Totals	4.9	2.8	2.1					1	

#### PART 141

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night Dual	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
4	18	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	19	1.0	1.0							0.4
	20	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	21	1.4	1.4				1.4	6		0.4
	22 <b>Prg</b> √	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	23	1.3		1.3		1.3				
	24	1.6	1.6		1.6		1.6	4	1	0.3
	25 (Pt 61)	0.0								
	26	1.1	1.1							0.4
	27	1.8		1.8		1.8			1	
Stage	Totals	12.1	9.0	3.1	5.5	3.1	3.0	10	2	1.5
5	28	1.5	1.5					1		
	29	1.5		1.5						
	30	1.5	1.5							0.3
	31 <b>Prg</b> √	1.5	1.5							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.0	4.5	1.5						0.6
Final	Totals	35.0	28.0	7.0	5.5	3.1	3.0	10	3	3.3
Pt141	Min.	35	20	5	3	*	3	10	3	3

\*141 solo XC: No minimum time. Must be 100 nm, landing at 3 points, one segment >50 nm takeoff to land

#### <u>PART 61</u>

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
1	1	1.0	1.0							
	2	1.0	1.0							
	3	1.1	1.1							
	4	1.1	1.1							0.3
	5	1.0	1.0							
	6 <b>Prg</b> ✓	1.3	1.3							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.5	6.5							0.6
2	7	1.0	1.0							0.3
	8	1.1	1.1							
	9	1.1	1.1							
	10	1.1	1.1							
	11 <b>Prg</b> ✔	1.3	1.3							0.3
	12	1.1	0.8	0.3						
Stage	Totals	6.7	6.4	0.3						0.6
3	13	1.1	0.6	0.5						
	14	1.0	1.0							
	15	1.2		1.2						
	16 <b>Prg√</b>	1.2	1.2							
	17	1.4		1.4					1	
Stage	Totals	5.9	2.8	3.1						
4	18	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	19	1.1	1.1							0.4
	20	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	21	1.4	1.4				1.4	6		0.4
	22 <b>Prg</b> ✓	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	23	1.5		1.5		1.5			1	
	24	1.6	1.6		1.6		1.6	4		0.3
	25	1.6		1.6		1.6				
	26	1.4	1.4							0.4
	27	2.2		2.2		2.2			1	
Stage	Totals	14.7	9.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	3.0	10	2	1.5

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night Dual	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
5	28	1.6	1.6							
	29	1.6		1.6						
	30	1.6	1.6							0.3
	31 <b>Prg</b> ✓	1.6	1.6							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.4	4.8	1.6						0.6
Final	Totals	40.2	29.9	10.3	5.5	5.3	3.0	10	3	3.3
Pt61	Min.	40	20	10	3	5	3	10	3	3

## STAGE 1

## **Familiarization and Basic Control**

#### **Objectives:**

Learn about basic aerodynamic concepts including stalls and spins, flight instruments, communications and radar services, VFR Charts, and elements of takeoffs and landings. Acquire an understanding of safety precautions, preflight preparation and decisions involved with managing potential flight risks.

Perform with minimal instructor assistance collision avoidance procedures, radio communications, basic visual maneuvers including turns, climbs, descents and straight and level flight and explore control by instrument reference. Also experience the sensations of approaching a stall and making correct recovery control inputs, discover how to correct for wind to achieve desired flight path, gliding, and start making takeoffs and landings.

Complete progress check.

#### Flight Lesson 1 – Introduction and Familiarization – Dual

Objective: Becoming familiar with the airport environment, your aircraft, safety precautions, preflight preparations, basic aircraft control on the ground and in the air, and post flight operations.

Date:		Name o	f pilot in training:			
Task #	$\checkmark$		Tasks/Standards		Meets	Continue
		Safety Practices, Procedures	and Equipment			
1		Understands hazards, door, seat, s	afety belt, and fire extinguisher operation			
		Preflight Inspection, Flight Co	ontrol and Systems Operation			
2		Observes preflight demo using che	cklist; understands switch & control functions			
		Positive Exchange of Flight (	Controls			
3		Understands and uses the positive	three-step exchange of controls			
		Prestart checklist, Engine Sta	arting and Warm-up			
4		Observes prestart checklist, startin	g and warm up procedures			
_		l axling				
5		Observes demo, with instrassist co	ntrois the airplane, observes signs and markings			
6		Belore Takeon Checks and E				
0		Ubserves pretakeoff checklist and o				
7		Observes & is lightly on the control	c for instructor's takooff & initial climb			
/		Under the second s	s for instructor's takeojj & initial climb			
Q		Chearwas and is lightly on the cont	rals for instructor's loval off from initial slimb			
0		Checklist Use				
Q		Checklist Use	s for all phases of flight			
		Collision Avoidance	s jor un phases of jnght			
10		Observes demo of clearing for traff	ic during climbs descents and before turns			
10		Trimming	ie danng cinnos, descents, and bejore tarns			
11		Senses the changes in control press	sure and moves trim wheel in the correct direction	,		
		Straight and Level				
12		Notes reference point and altitude	changes and initiates corrections			
		Demonstration of tendency to	p maintain straight and level flight			
13		Observes instructor demonstration	of pitch and bank stability			
		Turn Coordination	, ,			
14		With instructor assist applies rudde	er when starting & stopping turns			
		Medium Bank Turns				
15		With assist starts & stops coordina	ted medium-bank, level altitude turn			
		Climbs and Level-off				
16		Observes climb attitude and with in	nstructor assist can establish a climb			
		Descents and Level-off				
17		Observes descent attitude and with	n instructor assist can establish a descent			
		Area Familiarization				
18		Observes as instructor directs atter	ntion to prominent landmarks and roadways			
		Normal Approach and Landir	ng			
19		Observes instructor normal approa	ch and landing demo including checklist use			
		After Landing, Taxi and Park	ing			
20		With instructor assist, completes a	fter-landing checklist, taxi, shutdown & parking			
		Post Flight Procedures				
21		Observes postflight inspection and	securing demonstration while following checklist			
А/С Ту	/pe:			Hobbs In:		
1	N-#:			Hobbs Out:		
Avior	nics:			Total Time:		

Customer signature:

#### Flight Lesson 2 — **Exploring Control** — Dual

Objective: Start basic communications, apply rudder for turns and power/airspeed changes, combine climbs with turns and make descents with turns, flaps and no power, and build confidence in basic maneuvering.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Preflight Inspection, Flight Control and Systems Operation		
1		With assist, performs preflight inspection with checklist & can explain systems operation		
		Safety Equipment and Procedures		
2		Demonstrates door, seat & safety belt operation & can explain fire extinguisher use		
		Engine Starting and Warm-up		
3		With instructor assist, completes prestart checklist, engine start & warm-up		
		Radio Communications		
4		Turns on & sets up Comm radios copies ATIS, & makes taxi calls using a script		
		Taxiing and Runway Incursion Avoidance		
5		Taxies with minimal instructor assist, uses airport diagram, notes signs and markings		
		Before Takeoff Checks and Engine Runup		
6		Completes pretakeoff checklist and engine runup with instructor assist		
		Normal Takeoff and Climb		
7		Follows lightly on the controls during instructor's takeoff and initial climb		
		Level-off		
8		With Instructor assist, levels off at desired altitude $\pm$ 300'		
		Collision Avoidance		
9		With instructor assist clears traffic during climbs, descents, and before turns		
		Turn Coordination		
10		Applies aileron and appropriate rudder & elevator for turns both directions		
		Medium Bank Turns		
11		Checks for traffic, starts a medium-bank turn holding $\pm 200'$ and stops $$ turn $\pm 20$ $^{\circ}$		
		Left and Right Turning Tendency		
12		Notes rudder required for lo speed/hi power & hi speed/lo power		
		Trimming		
13		Applies trim in the correct direction removing control pressure		
		Straight and Level		
14		Picks reference, maintains altitude $\pm$ 200' & heading within $\pm$ 20°		
		Climbs and Descents and Level-off With and Without Turns		
15		With assist, adjusts power, pitch & bank to hold $\pm$ 10 kts & levels off $\pm$ 200' & $\pm$ 20°		
		Descents With and Without Flaps		
16		With instructor assist, starts descent without flaps & extends flaps in increments		
		Power Off Descent		
17		Notes attitude for best glide speed, makes turns, & adds power for level flight		
		Area Familiarization		
18		Notes prominent, familiar landmarks to and from practice area		
		Normal Approach and Landing		
19		Follows checklist & observes instructor demonstration of normal approach and landing		
		After Landing, Taxi and Parking		
20		With minimal assist completes after landing checks, taxi using airport diagram and parking		
		Post Flight Procedures		
21		Completes postflight inspection and secures the aircraft using checklist		
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		-
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Flight Lesson 3 — **Interpreting the Instruments and Investigating Slow Flight** — Dual Objective: With minimal assistance, perform before flight operations, basic in-flight control, and post-flight operations. Correlate instruments to outside view and note controls and sensory inputs when flying slowly.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Reviews PAVE checklist with instructor noting fuel, weather conditions & loading		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		With minimal assist, uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Radio Communications		
3		With instructor assist & script, makes taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Crosswind Taxi		
4		With minimal assist, notes wind, positons controls to counter the wind effects, uses diagram		
_		Normal Take Off and Climb		
5		With instructor's assist, performs normal takeoff, climbs ±10 kts, scans for traffic	<u> </u>	
		Straight and Level		
6		Notes reference point and altitude changes and initiates corrections, ±150' & ±15°	<u> </u>	
_		Turns		
/		Starts and stops shallow & medium bank turns holding altitude ±150° rolling out ±15°	<u> </u>	
0		Climbs and Descents Straight and with Turns		
0		Grasps pitch/airspeed relationship holds ±10 kts, trims, & levels-off within ±100	┼───	
0		Attitude for best glide speed 180° turns pating altitude loss & lovel off +100'		
		Aileron/Rudder Coordination Exercise		
10		Cherryes demo & then practices 30° hank side-to-side keeping pose on point		
		Straight and Level Using Flight Instruments	+	
11		Using visual reference _ \$81 on instruments +300' +20° & compare with outside view		
		Turns Using Flight Instruments		
12		Left & right med bank turns on instruments $\pm 300' \pm 20^{\circ}$ & compare with outside view		
<u> </u>		Climbs and Descents Using Flight Instruments		
13		Initiates climbs and descents on instruments $\pm 15^\circ$ & compare with outside view		
		Flying Slowly	1	
14		With assist, slows to 1.1VS S&L, shallow turns, note changes in force, response & sound		
		Descent at Approach Airspeed in Landing Configuration		
15		With minimal assist descends approach airspeeds/flaps to simulated landing at altitude		
		Go-Around Procedures		
16		Observes demo & with assist does go-arounds at altitude (partial and full flaps)		
		Area Recognition		
17		Correlates position with prominent local landmarks		
		Normal Approach and Landing		
18		Follows lightly on the controls during instructor's normal approach and landing	<u> </u>	
		Atter Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19	I .	With minimal assist, uses appropriate checklists/diagrams & performs all ground operations	1	

A/C Type:	
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#### Flight Lesson 4 – Learning About Stalls and Improving Control – Dual

Objective: Learn signs of an approaching stall and how to recover when entered. Increase precision holding altitude, heading, bank, and airspeed in the fundamental maneuvers using visual and instrument reference.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist emphasizing conditions, fuel, loading, and pilot factors		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Understands concept of aerodynamic stall & spin, warning signs & need to control yaw		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Crosswind Taxi		
4		Notes wind & positons controls to counter the wind effects		
		Radio Communications		
5		With minimal assist & script, makes taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
6		With minimal assist, tracks centerline, normal liftoff, climbs ±10 kts, scans for traffic		
		Fundamental Maneuvers Visual Reference		
7		Uses coordinated controls, altitude $\pm 150'$ , heading $\pm 15^\circ$ , airspeed $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 10^\circ$		
		Fundamental Maneuvers Instrument Reference		
8		Uses coordinated controls, altitude $\pm 250'$ , heading $\pm 20^\circ$ , airspeed $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 15^\circ$		
		Flying Slowly		
9		With minimal assist, S&L, turns, climbs, & descents at minimum airspeed		
		Controlling Roll and Yaw at High Angle of Attack		
10		With instructor assistance, explores rudder use for bank control		
		Power-Off Stall		
11		Observes demo and with assist, slows to a power-off stall & recovers at first indiction		
		Power-Off Descent		
12		Demo of simulated emergency approach & landing, practice to no lower than 500' AGL		
10		Alleron/Rudder Coordination Exercise		
13		30° bank side-to-side keeping nose within ±20° of point		
		Go-Around Procedures		
14		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps)		
4.5		Collision Avoidance		
15		Aware of high threat areas, scans for traffic in climbs & before turns & maneuvers		
10				
16	<u> </u>	With instructor assist, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures		
47				
		with instructor assist, completes checklist, configures airplane, flys approach to landing		L
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
1 18	1	IUses appropriate checklists & performs all around operations		

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Hobbs Out:	
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#### Flight Lesson 5 – Flying a Desired Path Over the Ground – Dual

Objective: Become aware of the wind's effect on your flight path and learn how to stay on a desired track over the ground. Continue building skill with maneuvers, slow flight and stalls and gain confidence with the radio.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management and Decision Making		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how it relates to decisions involving this flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Reviews with instructor resources available to assist the pilot in flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
3		Can explain what a stall is, the warning signs, how to recover, & what causes a spin		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Radio Communications		
5		With minimal aids, makes all taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
6		Tracks centerline, normal liftoff, conforms to departure, climbs $\pm 5$ kts, scans for traffic		
		Fundamental Maneuvers Visual Reference		
7		Uses coordinated controls, altitude ±150', heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Crab		
8		Notes impact of crosswind on ground track & applies a crab angle to stay on track		
		Turns Around a Point		
9		Observes demo, notes wind, checks traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, $\pm 200'$		
		Rectangular Course		
10		Notes wind, checks traffic, applies crab for crosswind, adjusts bank in turns, $\pm 200'$		
		Sideslip		
11		Notes crosswind, uses sideslip to keep heading & track on ground course		
		Forward Slip		
12		Uses slip to increase descent rate while keeping track aligned with ground reference		
		Power-Off Stall		
13		Checks traffic, slows to a straight power-off stall & recovers at first indication		
		Power-On Stall		
14		With assist, takeoff airspeed, adds power, pitches up, recovers at first indication		
		Power-Off Descent		
15		Simulated emergency approach & landing to no lower than 500' AGL, $\pm 15$ kts		
		Go-Around Procedures		
16		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps), -50'		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
17		With minimal assist, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures, $\pm 150'$		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
18		With minimal assist, completes checklist, configures airplane, flies approach to landing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		

Customer signature:

Hobbs In: Hobbs Out: Total Time:

#### Flight Lesson 6 – Instrument Reference and Progress Check – Dual

Objective: Become aware of the wind's effect on your flight path and learn how to stay on a desired track over the ground. Continue building skill with maneuvers, slow flight and stalls and gain confidence with the radio.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist discussing risk factors for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Explains what a stall is, warning signs, how to recover, & what causes a spin		
		Preflight Inspection		
3		Conducts thorough preflight inspection using checklist all item are complete		
		Safety equipment and procedures		
4		Briefs door, seat, safety belt & fire extinguisher & exchange of controls		
		Radio Communications		
5		Makes all taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls & understands common instructions		
		Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
6		Uses appropriate checklists, control positions, speed for taxi, ensures ready for flight		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff		
7		Uses correct controls, tracks centerline, normal liftoff attitude & airspeed		
		Departure and Climb		
8		Complies w/instructions or appropriate non-tower procedures, ±10 kts, scans for traffic		
9		Collision Avoidance		
		Clears traffic before turns & in climbs/descents & makes pre-maneuver clearing turns		
		Fundamental Visual Maneuvers (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
10		Coordinated controls, in trim, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Basic Instrument Maneuvers (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
11		Keeps the airplane upright, coordinated, alt $\pm 250'$ , hdg $\pm 20^\circ$ , a/s $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 15^\circ$		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
12		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±200', hdg ±15°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
13		Clears traffic, slows to a straight power-off full stall, recovers		
		Power-On Stall		
14		Clears traffic, takeoff airspeed, adds power, pitches up, ball centered, recovers		
		Forward Slip (at altitude)		
15		Increases descent rate with a slip maintaining track aligned with ground reference		
		Ground Reference Maneuvers		
16		Notes wind, clears traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, $\pm 200'$		
		Go-Around Procedures		
17		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps), stops descent <30'		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
18		Makes radio calls, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures, alt ±150'		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
19		Completes checklist, configures airplane, approach ±10 kts, minimal assist on landing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		Uses appropriate checklists, safety practices & performs appropriate ground operations		

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
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## STAGE 2

## **Refining Control and Learning to Land**

#### **Objectives:**

Learn about airspace, weather minimums, reference publications, collision avoidance, wake turbulence, powerplant operations, aircraft systems, Federal Aviation Regulations and applicable NTSB regulations.

Begin steep turns, cross-wind landings, go-arounds, crosswind takeoffs and landings, explore dealing with potential emergencies, expand skills with slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, and control by Instrument reference.

Complete Pre-solo Knowledge test

Complete Pre-solo progress check.

Complete supervised solo flight

#### Flight Lesson 7 – Normal Takeoffs and Landings – Dual

Objective: Introduce steep turns. Work on normal landings focusing on making consistent approaches with stabilized airspeed and rate of descent. Practice go-arounds from different positions in the landing approach.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available to assist the pilot in flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs the PAVE checklist discussing risk factors for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
3		Briefs stall characteristics & recovery procedure & spin recognition & recovery		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		Tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, conforms to procedures, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Pilotage		
6		Correlates position on chart with prominent local landmarks & airspace		
_		Steep Turns		
7		Observes demo, 360° turns left and right, alt $\pm 250'$ , hdg $\pm 20^\circ$ , a/s $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 10^\circ$		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears traffic, power-off full stall, 15° bank turn $\pm 10^\circ$ , prompt AOA, power & level wings		
		Descent at Approach Airspeed in Landing Configuration		
10		Simulated stabilized approach to flare & go-around at altitude, a/s +10/-5 kts		
		Rectangular Course		
11		Notes wind, checks traffic, parallel to reference, adjusts bank in turns, ±150'		
10		S-Turns		
12		Observes demo, notes wind, checks traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, ±150'		
10		Straight and Level and Standard Rate Turns to a Heading (IR)		
13	<u> </u>	Under control, coordinated, alt $\pm 200^{\circ}$ , hdg $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , a/s $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 10^{\circ}$		
1.1		Airport Traffic Pattern		
14	<u> </u>	Radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		
4 5		Normal Approach Landing (Full Stop)		
15	<u> </u>	Min. 3 landings to full stop, stabilized, +10/-5 kts, lands center 1/3, landing attitude		
10		Go-Around Procedures		
16	<u> </u>	Execute go-arounds from base, final, and start of flare with minimal altitude loss		
17		Alter Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
1/		Appropriate cnecklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
	1		1	1

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Total Time:	

#### Flight Lesson 8 – Crosswind Takeoffs and Landings – Dual

Objective: Wind drift awareness on landing approach and become comfortable using the wing-down sideslip method for control. Expand proficiency with slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available for assistance during this flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors including required runway for takeoff & landing		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
_		Pilotage		
6		Correlates position on chart with prominent local landmarks & airspace		
_		Steep Turns		
7		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt $\pm 200'$ , hdg $\pm 20°$ , a/s $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 10°$		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt $\pm$ 150', hdg $\pm$ 10°, a/s $\pm$ 15/-0 kts, bank $\pm$ 10°		
		Forward Slip Left and Right (at altitude)		
9		Stable pitch attitude, track aligned with ground reference, recovers at approach a/s		
		Ground Reference Maneuvers		
10		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±150', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Demonstration of Faulty Approach and Landing and Corrections		
11		Observes instructor demo of correction & go-around for approach & landing errors		
10		Normal Approach and Landing		
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, touchdown first 1/3, center 1/3, landing attitude		
10		Forward Slip to Landing		
13		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
1.4		Sideslip Exercise Over Runway		
14		Observes demo, 5-10' above & parallel to runway, sideslip one side to other, go-around		
1		Crosswind Landing (Full Stop)		
15		Min. 3 , tracks C/L, lands center 1/3, parallel to runway, +10/-5 kts, landing attitude		
16		GO-AFOUND		
10		Intrineatate takeojj power, pitch for $v_{\gamma}$ , +10/-5, retract jiaps, ojjset as appropriate		
17		Aner Lanuing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
1/		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		

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#### Flight Lesson 9 – Instrument Reference and Landing Proficiency – Dual

Objective: Building skill controlling the airplane referring only to the instruments and increase proficiency with stabilized landing approaches and consistent landings within safe, acceptable touchdown parameters.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available for assistance during this flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors including weight & balance calculations		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
6		Briefs resources available to assistance during this flight		
		Constant Airspeed Climbs and Descents (IR)		
7		Coordinated, a/s ±10 kts, hdg ±15°, leveloff altitude ±150'		
		Steep Turns		
8		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt $\pm$ 150', hdg $\pm$ 15°, a/s $\pm$ 10 kts, bank $\pm$ 10°		
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated) at Altitude		
9		Observes demo, assesses situation, best glide ±15 kts, best field, memory items		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
10		Parallel to runway on downwind, crabs with X-wind, conforms to procedures, alt ±100'		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
11		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, touchdown first 1/3, in center 1/3, landing attitude		
		No Radio Procedures (Simulated)		
12		NORDO traffic pattern entry & light gun signals for give way, land & taxi .		
10		Go-Around		
13		Immediately add takeoff power, pitch for V $_{\rm Y}$ , +10/-5, retract flaps, offset as appropriate		
1.1				
14		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
1		Forward Slip to Landing		
15		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
16		Flying without an Airspeed indicator		
10		Iraining Pilot's ASI view obstructea, landing apporach using attitude for airspeed		
17		righty without all Altheter		
1/		Iraining Pilot's ALI view Obstructea, landing apporach by estimating altitude		
10		Alter Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
I 18	L .	Appropriate cnecklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations	1	1

A/C Type: \_\_\_\_\_ N-#: \_\_\_\_\_ Avionics: \_\_\_\_\_

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Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	

#### Flight Lesson 10 – **Dealing with Emergencies** – Dual

Objective: Review and practice correct procedures for equipment, systems, and engine failure or fire. Improve skill with approaches and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management	1	1
1		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors and plan to mitigate them		
		Situational Awareness		
2		Discusses methods of reorienting if temporarily lost in the local area		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Blocked Pitot System or Static System		
6		Explains indications & procedures		
		Primary Flight Display Failure		
7		Explains indications & procedures		
		Electrical System Failure		
8		Explains indications & procedures		
		Engine Failure (at Altitude) Simulated Landing		
9		Assesses situation, best glide ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
10		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Emergency Descent		
11		Idle, clears area, 30-45° bank, radio call, max speed for configuration and conditions +0/-10 kts		
		Engine Fire		
12		Memory items, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
13		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
		Landing at Tower Controlled or Non-Tower Controlled Airport		
14		Traffic pattern procedures for the situation not yet experienced (if applicable)		
		No Flap Landing		
15		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
		Go-Around		
16		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for VY, +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
		Rejected Takeoff		
17		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
		Forward Slip to Landing		
18		Low wing into wind, track aligned w/runway, smooth recovery to landing first 1/3		
		Atter Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19	1	Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		

A/C Type:	
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Instructor signature:

Hobbs In: Hobbs Out: Total Time:

#### Flight Lesson 11 - Pre-Solo Progress Check - Dual

Objective: Review of overall risk management, relevant knowledge, key maneuvers, and preparedness for solo flight.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Explains resources available for assistance during this flight		
2		Situational Awareness		
5		Explains methods of reorienting if lost or disoriented		
1		Stall/Spill Awareness		
4		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
5		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraf t		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks	-	
6		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Radio Communications		
7		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions		
		Collision Avoidance		
8		Clears traffic before all operations on the ground & airborne		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
9		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Fundamental Maneuvers VR (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
10		Coordinated controls, in trim, alt $\pm 100'$ , hdg $\pm 10^\circ$ , a/s $\pm 10$ kts, bank $\pm 10^\circ$		
		Fundamental Maneuvers IR (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
11		Coordinated controls, altitude ±150', heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Steep Turns		
12		Clears area, 360° L&R, coordinated, alt ±150', hdg ±15°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
12		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
13		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
1.4		Power-Off and Power-On Stall		
14		Clears area, full stall, 15' bank turn ±10', prompt AUA, power & level wings		
15		Engine Failures at Allitude and in Climb		
13		Assesses situation, best glide ±10 kts, best jield, memory items		
16		Checks for traffic & obstructions alt +150' corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
10		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
17		Stabilized. +10/-5 kts. no drift. smooth touchdown. first 1/3. center 1/3		
		No Flap Landing	-	
18		Slip as necessary, $\pm 10$ kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
		Rejected Takeoff	1	
19		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
		Go-Around		
20		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V $_{ m Y}$ , +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
21		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In	:	
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#### Flight Lesson 12 - First Solo - Dual/Solo

Objective: (Note: The instructor's pre-solo test must be completed and reviewed prior to this flight.) Review fundamental maneuvers and make three solo takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Pre-Solo Aeronautical Knowledge Test		
1		Instructor administers test and reviews all incorrect answers before authorizing solo flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
3		Explains resources available for assistance during this flight		
		Aircraft Performance and Weight and Balance		
4		Briefs takeoff & landing runway required, climb rate & dual & solo wt & balance		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Radio Communications		
6		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions		
_		Collision Avoidance		
7		Clears traffic before all operations on the ground & airborne		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
8		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Pilotage to Practice Area		
9		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
		Ground Reference Maneuvers		
10		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt $\pm 150'$ , corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
11		Appropriate radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		
10		Normal Approach and Landing		
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
10		Go-Around		
13		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V $_{\gamma}$ , +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
1.4		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements		
14		Instructor makes appropriate entries & explains limitations		
1		Radio Communications (Solo)		
15		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions		
16		Airport Ground and Taxi Operations (Solo)		
10		Narmal Takeoff, Climb to Domain in Troffic Dattorn (Sala)		
17		Normal Takeon, Climb to Remain in Trainc Patient (Solo)		
/		Airport Troffic Dottorn (Solo)		
10		Appropriate radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt 1100/		
10		Appropriate radio caris, complies with instructions ana/or procedures, all ±100		
10		2 landings to full stop		
19		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists tavi proper speed & controls		
L 20		An operations correct a accurate w/checknists, taxi proper speed a controls		1

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## STAGE 3

## **Expanding Maneuvers and Landings Skills**

#### **Objectives:**

Learn to calculate weight and balance, predict aircraft performance, and become familiar with weather theory, reports, forecasts, graphical products, and recognition of critical weather hazards.

Build expertise with slow flight, steep turns, stalls, emergencies, ground reference maneuvers, normal landings and forward slips. Explore short field and soft field takeoff and landing techniques.

Complete progress check.

#### Flight Lesson 13 – **Review and Solo** – Dual/Solo

Objective: Review slow flight, stalls, steep turns, emergencies and landings with your instructor. Fly solo to the practice area for a set of steep turns and return to make three more full-stop landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
2		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Cockpit Management		
3		Checks safety equipment, all loose items secured, organizes all material to be readily accessible		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
6		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
_		Pilotage to and from Practice Area		
7		Navigates most suitable route to and from practice area using chart & landmarks		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off and Power-On Stalls		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
10		Steep Turns		
10		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100', a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
10		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
10		Forward Slip to Landing		
13		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
		Normal Takeoff and Climb (Solo)		
14		Radio calls, X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
4.5		Pilotage to Practice or Designated Area within 10 NM (Solo)		
15		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
10				
10		Clears practice area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hag ±10°		
17		Pliotage from Practice of Designated Area (Solo)		
1/		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & lanamarks		
10		Auroni franc Pattern (Solo)		
18		Appropriate radio calls, compiles with instructions ana/or procedures, alt ±100°		
10		Normal Approach and Landing (Solo)		
19	<u> </u>	3 iunuinys to juil stop After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		All anarations correct & accurate w/checklists trui record accord & controls		
20		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
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#### Flight Lesson 14 – Short Field Takeoffs and Landings – Dual

Objective: Learn the maximum performance techniques for taking off and landing at airports with short runways and/or obstructions. Review slow flight, stalls, and ground reference maneuvers.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Notes variances with daily high/low temps, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist focusing on performance and runway factors		
		Windshear Awareness and Recovery		
3		Explains windshear conditions, indications and recovery procedures		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
4		Explains stall & spin causes, characteristics & recovery procedures		
_		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Short Field Takeoff and Climb		
6		Observes demo, notes where 50' & 100' AGL, config, lift off a/s per AFM/POH , pitch to V $_{\chi}$		
_		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
/		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Slow Flight with Realistic Distractions (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +10/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
10		Power-On Stall		
10		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated , prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
11		Rectangular Course		
		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt $\pm 100'$ , corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
12		Turns Around a Point		
12		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt $\pm 100'$ , corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
12		S-TURNS		
15		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100, corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
14		Short Field Approach and Landing		
14		After Lending, Taxi, Darking, and Dest Elight Dreedures		
15		Aller Landing, Taxi, Faiking, and Fost Flight Flocedures		
15		An operations correct & accurate w/checknists, taxi proper speed & controls		

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#### Flight Lesson 15 – Building Skill with Maneuvers and Landings – Solo

Objective: Per your CFI's instructions, go to practice area, and practice steep turns and ground reference maneuvers, and return to practice normal and crosswind takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Notes variances with daily high/low temps, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Calculate Weight and Balance		
2		Notes difference in CG location from dual flights		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
4		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
_		Pilotage to Practice Area		
5		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
		Steep Turns		
6		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100', a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
_		Rectangular Course		
/		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight	_	
		Turns Around a Point		
8		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		S-Turns		
9		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100°, corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
10		Photage from Practice Area		
10		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & lanamarks		
11		Annoniate entry radio calls, complias with instructions and/or procedures, alt (100)		
		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, all ±100		
12		Forward Ship to Landing		
12		Normal Approach and Landing		
13		2 landings to full ston		
		Go-Around		
14		Immediate takeoff nower nitch for $V_{\rm ev}$ +10/-5 flans un offset as appropriate		
		After Landing Taxi Parking and Post Flight Procedures		
15		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists_taxi proper speed & controls		
<u> </u>				

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Hobbs Out:	
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#### Flight Lesson 16 – Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings and Progress Check – Dual

Objective: Learn techniques for takeoffs and landings at soft runways. Review slow flight, stalls, S-Turns, Engine Fire and Emergency Approach, and short field takeoffs and landings.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Applies factors for soft runway surface, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist focusing on performance and runway factors		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Taxiing for Soft Field Takeoff		
4		Positions controls X-wind & light nose, clears area, maintains safe speed without stopping		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Planned no-go, controls & config set, earliest possible lift off, ground effect until V $_{\rm X}$ /V $_{\rm Y}$ , +10/-5		
		Rejected Takeoff		
6		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
_		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff		
/		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Slow Flight with Realistic Distractions (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +10/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
10		Power-On Stall		
10		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated , prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide $\pm 10$ kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
10		S-Turns		
12		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt $\pm 100^{\circ}$ , corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
12		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
13		Observes demo, stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly		
1.1		Short Field Takeon and Climp		
14		Briefs no-go, config., lift off & d/s per AFM/POH, pitches to V x until obstacle cleared		
1		Short Field Approach and Landing		
15		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchaown within 400°, stops in shortest distance		
16		GO-AFOUTIO		
10		Immediate takeojj power, pitch jor V y, +10/-5, jiaps up, ojjset as appropriate		
17		Aller Lanuning, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
1/		An operations correct & accurate w/cnecklists, taxi proper speed & controls		

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Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	

#### Flight Lesson 17 — Maneuver Practice — Solo

Objective: Continue gaining proficiency with steep turns, rectangular course, turns around a point, S-turns, forward slips, and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Uses PAVE checklist to identify risk factors for this flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		Reviews safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
3		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Pilotage to Practice Area		
4		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
_		Steep Turns		
5		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100', a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
		Rectangular Course		
6		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
_		Turns Around a Point		
/		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		S-Turns		
8		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Pliotage from Practice Area		
9		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & lanamarks		
10		Anyoni franc Pattern		
10		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, all ±100		
11		Stabilized 110/5 kts no drift smooth touchdown target 100% 0		
		Scabilized, +10/-5 kis, no angl, smooth touchdown, target +400/-0		
12		Torward Ship to Landing		
12		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
13		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists tay incorrect & controls		

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## **STAGE 4**

## Night and Cross Country

#### **Objectives:**

Learn the elements of cross-country planning, in-flight pilotage and dead reckoning, the use of navigation systems, and procedures for safe night operations. Review airport signs and markings, weather planning, airspace, and systems emergencies. Gain techniques for preflight and in-flight risk management and employing personal minimums.

Exercise pilotage and dead reckoning procedures and the use of electronic systems in crosscountry navigation. Become familiar with night operations and review emergencies and control by referring to the flight instruments.

Complete Pre-Solo Cross-Country progress check

Complete the FAA Knowledge test

Complete solo cross-country flights (2 Pt. 141, 3 Pt. 61)

#### Flight Lesson 18 - Pilotage and DR Cross Country - Dual

Objective: Cross-country using pilotage and dead reckoning navigation to an airport more than 50 nm straightline distance and return. Divert to an alternate when risk management dictates.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight and use of the CARE checklist during the flight		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
2		Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight		
		Weight and Balance and Performance Calculations		
3		Briefs load limits and takeoff/land runway requirements and climb and cruise performance		
		Flight Planning		
4		Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
		Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
6		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, V $_{\rm X}$ $\pm$ 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading		
		Open Prefiled Flight Plan		
7		Determines correct FSS frequency, establishes contact, opens flight plan		
		En Route Cruise		
8		Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg $\pm 10^\circ$ , alt $\pm 100^\prime$		
		Pilotage		
9		Identifies landmarks by relating surface features to chart symbols, verifies position within 3 nm		
		DR and Navigation Log		
10		Records ATA, calculates ETEs , GS, fuel, wind & changes to ETA		
		Magnetic Compass		
11		Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±15°		
		Cockpit Management		
12		Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained		
		Task Management		
13		Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment		
		Collision Avoidance		
14		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
		Lost Procedures		
15		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
		Diversion to an Alternate		
16		Instructor scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
17		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt $\pm 100'$		
		Short Field Approach and Landing		
18		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
		Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
19		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V $_X$ /V $_Y$ , +10/-5, turns to heading		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
20	L	Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
21		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
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#### Flight Lesson 19 - Electronic Navigation - Dual

Objective: Use VOR and GPS systems for orientation, tracking courses, and an aid for diverting to an alternate. Exercise controlling and navigating using instrument reference, and explore in-flight weather resources.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Utilizes all available resources during flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
		Electronic Flight Plan		
4		Enters proscribed flight plan into installed or portable system, checks accuracy, saves		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until $V_x/V_y$ , +10/-5		
		VOR Orientation and Tracking VR		
6		Tunes & ID, finds radial, fix w/X-radials, intercepts/tracks course To/Fm VOR, station passage		
_		Localizer Course Intercepting and Tracking		
/		Tunes & ID LOC, intercepts and tracks front and back courses		
8		Activates flight plan, intercepts/track courses, uses Nearest & Direct 10 for divert		
0		In-Flight weather Resources		
9		Accesses all available in-Jilight resources (FSS, EFAS, HIWAS, ATIS, Cockpit Display)		
10		Coordinated controls altitude (100 boading (110 circnood (10 kts back (100		
10		Coordinated controls, altitude ±150, neuring ±15, anspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10		
11		Recovery norm of usual Autoues IN		
11		Floringing to stubilized, lever jught, coordinated, correct control sequence		
12		Course to destingtion /alternate, intercents/tracks course, safe altitude +200' 1/2 deflection		
12		Federal Ainways		
13		Identifies airway on chart selects course in navigation system intercents and tracks course		
		Autonilot (if installed)		
14		Conducts preflight test, explains ways to disengage, uses wing leveling, alt/heading hold & nay		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
15		Stabilized approach $\pm 10/-5$ kts, touches down softly, wt, off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
16		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		

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Hobbs Out:	
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#### Flight Lesson 20 – All Systems Cross Country – Dual

Objective: Cross-country using all available navigation systems/advanced equipment. Landing at least 1 airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure equipped with CTAF/Tower opposite of home airport.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards		Meets	Continue
		Risk Management			
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight and use of the CARE checklist du	iring the flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management			
2		Utilizes all available resources during flight			
		Weight and Balance and Performance Calculations			
3		Briefs load limits and takeoff/land runway requirements and climb	and cruise performance		
		Flight Planning			
4		Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, c	airspace, terrain, navigation log		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Taked	off Checks		
5		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, cl	hecks compass		
		FSS and ATC Radar Service			
6		Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for	r VFR Flight Following		
		En Route Cruise			
7		Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow p.	lanning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'		
		Pilotage and DR			
8		Maintains navigation log, position within 3 nm, ETA or revised ETA	within 3 min.		
		Magnetic Compass			
9		Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±15°			
		Electronic Navigation and Autopilot (if equipped)			
10		At least 1 leg VOR, no more than 1 leg GPS, engage A/P (not more	e than 5 min.) in cruise		
		In-Flight Weather Resources			
11		Checks available in-flight resources en route (FSS, EFAS, HIWAS, AT	TS, Cockpit Display)		
		Cockpit Management			
12		Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained	ed		
		Task Management			
13		Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate fo	r the moment		
		Collision Avoidance			
14		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for tra	ffic is not abandoned		
		Lost Procedures			
15		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost proc	cedures for reorientation		
		Diversion to an Alternate			
16		Instructor scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, qui	ck plans hdg, time, & fuel		
		Airport Traffic Pattern			
17		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or pr	ocedures, alt ±100'		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing			
18		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, r	maintains crosswind correction		
		Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure			
19		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, V $_{\rm X}$ ± 5 kts until obstacle c	leared, turns to heading		
		Short Field Approach and Landing			
20		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in sh	ortest distance		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures an	id Refueling		
21		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling	ı, closes flight plan		
A/C Ty	pe:		Hobbs In:		-
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## Flight Lesson 21 – Night Flying – Dual

Objective: Become familiar with flying at night noting loss of outside references for flight attitudes, pilotage and obstacles. Practice night landings with and without landing light. Sharpen instrument flying skills .

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist, focus on pilot rest, aircraft/pilot equipment & weather/moonlight		
		Physiological Aspects of Night Flying	1	
2		Explains vision limitations at night, how to protect night vision, how to scan for traffic		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
3		Discusses differences in resources at night versus day, emergency equipment		
		CFIT		
4		Discusses night hazards for Controlled Flight Into Terrain		
_		Airport Layout and Lighting		
5		Briefs notes, NOTAMs, operating hours, layout and lighting for airports to be used		
		Preflight Inspection at Night		
6		Uses good light, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, checks all lights, fuel load, compass		
_		Night Prestart and Starting		
/		Flashlights readily available, sets cockpit & external lights, uses checklists		
		Taxiing at Night		
8		Confirms position w/airport diagram, appropriate speed & lighting, conscious of other aircraft		
		Before Takeoff Checks at Night		
9		Brakes locked for runup, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms not moving on mag check		
10		Night Take Off		
10		Lights set, lineup on C/L, power & airspeed check before no go, smooth rotation to climb attitude		
		Climb After Night Takeoff		
11		Climb attitude on AI, positive rate of climb, $V_{\gamma} \pm 10$ kts, wings level until minimum 400' AGL,		
10				
12		Landmark recognition, electronic navigation aids		
10		Constant Airspeed Climb IR		
13		Stabilized, coordinated, V $_{\rm Y}$ ±10 kts, hdg ±15°, level off alt ±200'		
1.4				
14		Stabilized, coordinated, a/s $\pm 10$ kts, hdg $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , level off alt $\pm 200^{\circ}$		
1 -		IOU LEVELIUIIIIK		
15		Stabilized, coordinated, all ±200, all speed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±10, nag ±15 Receivery from Unusual Attitudes IP		
16		Recovery norm of usual Autoues IR		
10		Night Approach and Landing		
17		Inight Approach and Landing		
		Night Go-Around		
19		Immediate takeoff nower nitch on AI for $V_{-}$ airsneed $\pm 10/5$ kts flans up per DOH		
10		Night Taxiing Parking Securing and Post Flight Procedures		
19		Confirms nosition w/airnort diagram conscious of lights on other aircraft uses checklists		
		conjums position wy an port anagram, conscious of ngmis on other anerajt, uses thethists.		

A/C Type:	
N-#:	
Avionics:	

Customer signature:

Ver 1.0

Hobbs In:	
Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	
	•

#### Flight Lesson 22 – Pre-Solo Cross Country Progress Check – Dual

Objective: Review of planning, navigation, and risk management skills on a cross-country to an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance. Also a review of short and soft field takeoff and landing techniques.

Task #     ✓     Tasks/Standards     Meets     Continue       Risk Management Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight         1     Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight        2     Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight        3     Briefs planned out as of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight        4     Briefs planned out e, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log        5     Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass        6     No-go, config., Ifford o's per POH/AFM, V, ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading        7     Opens flight Inpo with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following        8     Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'        Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)         8     Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'        9     keeges nov log, use DR, platoge & electronic nov, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min        10     Equipment and moteriols organized, easily accessible and restrained        11     Prioritizes and manoges task by selecting	Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Risk Management         ardefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight           Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear         Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight           Single Philt Resource Management         Briefs planned use of available resources during flight           Flight Planning         Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log           Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxling, and Before Takeoff Checks         Correct/occurred steps w/checklist, confirms required fuel load, checks compass           Short Flight Takeoff, Climb and Departure         Weop. config., liftof dy sep POH/AFM, V, ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading           FSS and ATC Radar Service         Deens flight plan with FS and contects appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following           B Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100°         Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and CPS)           9         Keeps nov log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         Cockpit Management           11         Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         Colkpit Management           12         Divides attention amonge all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         Heading Indicator Failure           13         Simulated emergency, everis to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, atte	Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
1       Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B. fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight         2       Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight         3       Briefs planned and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight         4       Briefs planned are of ovaliable resources during flight         6       Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxling, and Before Takeoff Checks         5       Correct/accurate steps w/checklist, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         6       No-go. config., liftoff of sper POH/AFM, V x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & Ruiture settings per POH/AFM, V x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         8       Uses power & Ruiture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         9       Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)         9       Keeps nove Quest SDN, plotage & electronic nov, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and moterials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tosks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attertinic and bas making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         14       Basimulated Hif fuiture, usee compass for			Risk Management		
Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear           2         Explois location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight           3         Briefs planned use of available resources during flight           4         Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log           4         Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log           5         Correct/occurbt steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass           6         No-og, config, info for Sper POH/AFM, V, ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading           7         Opens flight plan with FS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following           8         Uses power & mature settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'           8         Uses power & mature settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'           9         Keeps nov log, uses DR, pliotage & electronic nov, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min           10         Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained           11         Prioritizes and maages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment           12         Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned           13         Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & plantage, decides go to destination, atternate, or return	1		Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight		
2       Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight         3       Briefs planned use of evailable resources during flight         4       Briefs planned use of evailable resources during flight         7       Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxing, and Before Takeoff Checks         6       N-aq. config liftoff of sper POH/AFM, v <sub>x</sub> ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power A mixture settings per POH/AFM, v <sub>x</sub> ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         8       Uses power A mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, dt ±100'         8       Uses power A mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, dt ±100'         9       Keeps nov log, ues DN, plictage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandaned         13       Simulate H // alkingt-, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulate H // alkingt-, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instruction introduces realistic distractions requiring use			Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
Single Pilot Resource Management         3       Briefs planned use of available resources during flight         Flight Planning         4       Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log         5       Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         5       Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         6       No-og., config., 11/160 d/s per POH/AFM, V, x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure         13       Simulated amergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulate daproach +10/-5 kts, touche	2		Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight		
3       Briefs planned use of available resources during flight         4       Filight Planning         ardefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, novigation log         Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks         5       Correct/accurate steps wichcektists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         6       No-go, config., Ilfoff of per PDH/AFM, V_x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage, VOR and GPS)         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage, a electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materiols organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         14       Simulated Hl failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instructor infroduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14			Single Pilot Resource Management	1	
Flight Planning       Flight Planning         Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxling, and Before Takeoff Checks	3		Briefs planned use of available resources during flight		
4       Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terroin, navigation log         7       Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks         5       Correct/occurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         6       No-go, confg, 11foff d/s per POH/AFM, V <sub>x</sub> ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       En Route Cruise         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         9       Reegs nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and management         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         15       Stort Field Approach and Landing			Flight Planning		
Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxling, and Before Takeoff Checks         S       Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure         No-go, configIt/toff of sper POH/AFM, V <sub>x</sub> ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         FSS and ATC Radar Service         Qpens/light plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         B       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         Navigation (DR, Pliotage, VOR and GPS)         Reeps nav log, uses DR, pliotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         Cockopit Management         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated H failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated H failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggest diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, souchdown within 400', stops in shortest distanc	4		Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log		
5       Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass         6       No-t Field Taksoff, Climb and Departure         6       No-go, config., liftoff of, per POH/AFM, V <sub>x</sub> ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)       Reeps nov log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nov, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained       Task Management         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment       Collision Avoidance         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned       Electrical Failure         13       Simulated Hinglaire, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°       Issimulated infailure, use compass for headings, use of lost procedures for reorientation         14       Simulated amergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return       Issenario supers alternate         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario sugge			Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure         6       No-go, config., Il/toff a/s per POH/AFM, V.x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100′         9       Keeps nov R, mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100′         9       Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)         9       Keeps nov Ro, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nov, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for rearientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing <t< td=""><td>5</td><td></td><td>Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	5		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
6       No-go, config., liftoff g/s per POH/AFM, V_x ± 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading         7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage, VOR and GPS)         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC			Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
FSS and ATC Radar Service	6		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, V $_{\rm X}$ $\pm$ 5 kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading		
7       Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following         8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained       Equipment         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment       EQUID:         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned       Electrical Failure         13       Simulated H failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°       Electrical Failure         14       Simulated H failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°       Electrical Failure         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance       Soft Field Approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, arritest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V v, +10/-5, turns to heading       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction       Soft Field Approach and Lan			FSS and ATC Radar Service		
En Route Cruise       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)       Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)         9       Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_x/V_y, ±10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         20       Soft Field Approach and Landing         21       Soft Field Approach and Landing         21       Soft Field Approach and Landing	7		Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following		
8       Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'         Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)       Neeps now log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained			En Route Cruise		
Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)         % Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         Cockpit Management         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Collision Avoidance         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated HI failure         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V <sub>x</sub> /V <sub>y</sub> , +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'     <	8		Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg $\pm 10^\circ$ , alt $\pm 100^\prime$		
9       Keeps nov log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min         10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10*         14       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10*         15       Electrical Failure         16       Stenuited emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V <sub>X</sub> /V <sub>Y</sub> , +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown, first 500'         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)		
10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Task Management         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated Hi failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated Hi failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan	9		Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min		
10       Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained         11       Task Management         11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulated HI failure         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V v, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchedown, first 500'         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchedown, first 500'         20       Sip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan			Cockpit Management		
Task Management       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         Collision Avoidance       Collision Avoidance         Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned       Image: Collision Avoidance         Heading Indicator Failure       Heading Indicator Failure         Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°       Image: Collision Avoidance         Electrical Failure       Image: Collision Avoidance         Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return       Image: Collision Avoides realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation       Image: Collision Avoides and Landing         Short Field Approach and Landing       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure       No soft Field Approach and Landing         Soft Field Approach and Landing       Soft Field Approach and Landing         Soft Field Approach and Landing       Image: Coll Approach and Landing         Soft Field Approach and Landing       Image: Coll Approach and Landing         Soft Field Approach and Landing       Image: Coll Approach and Landing         Soft Field Approach and Landing       Image: Coll Approach and Landing         Soft Fi	10		Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained		
11       Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment         Collision Avoidance       Image: Collision Avoidance         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated Failure         14       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         20       Silp as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         20			Task Management		
Collision Avoidance       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Simulated Hi failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V r, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose and Refueling         20       Silp as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct	11		Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment		
12       Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned         13       Heading Indicator Failure         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, flight plan         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling,			Collision Avoidance		
Heading Indicator Failure       Heading Indicator Failure         13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         Electrical Failure       Image: Compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Stabilized approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach + 10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling	12		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
13       Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°         14       Simulated Eailure         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Lost Procedures         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stoft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stoft Field Approach and Landing         19       Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:			Heading Indicator Failure		
Electrical Failure       Electrical Failure         14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Lost Procedures         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V <sub>x</sub> /V <sub>Y</sub> , +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	13		Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°		
14       Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return         15       Lost Procedures         15       instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         N-#:       Total Time:			Electrical Failure		
Lost Procedures       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Diversion to an Alternate Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Short Field Approach and Landing Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	14		Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return		
15       Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation         16       Diversion to an Alternate         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         17       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         221       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:			Lost Procedures		
Diversion to an Alternate       Diversion to an Alternate         16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         N-#:       Total Time:	15		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
16       Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC         16       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_x/V_Y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:			Diversion to an Alternate		
Short Field Approach and Landing       Short Field Approach and Landing         17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         No Flap Landing       Soft Field Approach and touchdown, first 500'         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	16		Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC		
17       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches and Landing         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:       Image: Constraint of the stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs Out:       Image: Constraint of taxis         Avionics:       Total Time:	17		Short Field Approach and Landing		
Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       No Flap Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	1/		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
18       No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V x/V y, +10/-5, turns to heading         19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	10		Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
19       Soft Field Approach and Landing         19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         20       No Flap Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	18		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until $V_X/V_Y$ , +10/-5, turns to heading		
19       Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction         19       No Flap Landing         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	10		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
No Flap Landing       Image: Silp as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	19		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
20       Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'         21       After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	20		No Flap Landing		
After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling         21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	20		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'		
21       Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan         A/C Type:       Hobbs In:         N-#:       Hobbs Out:         Avionics:       Total Time:	24		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
A/C Type:         Hobbs In:           N-#:         Hobbs Out:           Avionics:         Total Time:	21		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		<u> </u>
N-#:     Hobbs Out:       Avionics:     Total Time:	Α/Ϲ Τγ	/pe:	Hobbs In:		
Avionics: Total Time:	1	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
	Avior	nics:	Total Time:		

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#### Flight Lesson 23 - First Solo Cross Country - Solo

Objective: Take your first solo cross country and land at an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Navigate with DR and pilotage as well as electronic systems. Keep a complete navigation log.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		FAA Knowledge Test		
1		Completed with passing score		
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
2		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
3		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
4		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
_		Destination/Alternates Facilities		
5		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
		Navigation Plan		
6		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
-		RISK Management		
/		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the CARE checklist en route		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
8		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
0		LOSI PIOCEGUIES		
9		Briefs steps to joilow if unsure of position Weight and Palance and Parformance		
10		Weight and Datance and Performance		
10		Briefs takeojj & landing W&B, takeojj & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
11		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
11		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this jught		
12		Linergency Operations		
12		ESS and ATC Radar Service		
13		Files opens & closes flight plan with ESS_employs VER Elight Following (if available)		
- 15		Flight to Airport More Than 50 NM Straight Line Distance		
14		Full stop normal landing, refueling (as necessary), weather briefing, return to home airport		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
15		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
		Postflight Navigation Log and Conditions Review		
16		Briefs instructor on planned versus actual GS. ETE. fuel used. track. airport operations & weather		
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
A/C Ty	ype:	Hobbs In:		
I	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avior	nics:	Total Time		
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#### Flight Lesson 24 - Night Cross Country - Dual

Objective: Night cross-country over 100 nm total distance landing at an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Use all systems of navigation and review instruments and emergencies.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Physiological Aspects of Night Flying		
3		Explains vision limitations at night, how to protect night vision, how to scan for traffic		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
4		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Route Briefing		
5		Briefs route, night visible checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
6		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destination/Alternates Facilities		
7		Briefs ATC or CTAF proced/freq, runways, taxiways, lighting, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
		CFIT		
8		Discusses night hazards on this route for Controlled Flight Into Terrain		
		Night Preflight Inspection and Startup		
9		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, uses good light, confirms required fuel load, preps cockpit		
		Night Taxiing and Before Takeoff Checks		
10		Checks instruments and compass, controlled taxi using airport diagram, correct steps w/checklists		
		Night Take Off and Climb		
11		Lights, on C/L, pwr & a/s check, climb attitude, positive climb, V $_{ m Y}$ ±10 kts, wings level <400' AGL		
		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
		Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)		
13		Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 3 nm of course, ETA $\pm 3$ min		
		Collision Avoidance		
14		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
		Controlling by Flight Instruments (180° Turn and Electronic Navigation)		
15		Alt ±200', airspeed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±10°, hdg ±15°, CDI 1/2 deflection		
		Lost Procedures		
16		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
		Diversion to an Alternate		
17		Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC		
		Emergency Operations		
18		Simulated rough engine, electrical failure, heading indicator failure, radio failure		
		Night Approach and Landing		
19		Pattern alt $\pm 100'$ , hdg $\pm 10^{\circ}$ , stabilized approach, a/s $\pm 10/-5$ kts, 6 full stop (2 landing light off)		
		Night Go-Around		
20		Immediate takeoff power, pitch on AI for V $_{\rm Y}$ , airspeed +10/-5 kts, flaps up per POH		
		Night Taxiing, Parking, Securing and Post Flight Procedures		
21		Confirms position w/airport diagram, conscious of lights on other aircraft, uses checklists.		
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		-
1	N-#:	Hobbs Out <sup>.</sup>		
ا	, icc.	Tatal Time.		
AVIO	IICS:	I otal lime:		

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#### Flight Lesson 25 – Second Solo Cross Country – Solo

Objective: Solo cross country to an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Navigate with DR, Pilotage and electronic systems. Keep a complete navigation log.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
1		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
2		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
3		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destination/Alternates Facilities		
4		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
_		Navigation Plan		
5		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
		Risk Management		
6		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the CARE checklist en route		
_		Single Pilot Resource Management		
/		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Lost Procedures		
8		Briefs steps to follow if unsure of position		
		Weight and Balance and Performance		
9		Briefs takeoff & landing W&B, takeoff & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
10		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
10		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
11		Emergency Operations		
11		Briefs what ifs of engine failure, engine fire, rough engine, electrical failure, NORDO		
12		IFSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS for each leg, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
12		Flight to Airport More Than 50 NM Straight Line Distance		
15		Full stop normal landing, refueling (as necessary), weather briefing, return to nome airport		
14		Alter Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Reideling		
14		Deetflight Nevigation Log and Conditions Poview		
15		Prosting in Navigation Log and Conditions Review		
15		Briejs instructor on plannea versus actual 65, ETE, juei asea, track, anport operations & weather		
				<u> </u>

A/C Type:	
N-#:	
Avionics:	

Hobbs In:	
Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	

Customer signature:

Instructor	signature:
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#### Flight Lesson 26 - Emergencies and Instrument Review - Dual

Objective: Review emergency procedures for dealing with in-flight system failures. Strengthen control and navigation skills in simulated instrument conditions and practice using the autopilot during inadvertent IMC.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist and CARE checklist focusing on preparedness for in-flight equipment failures		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		1
2		Briefs planned use of available resources during emergencies		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
4		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, V $_{\rm X}$ $\pm$ 5 kts until obstacle cleared		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until $V_x/V$ , ± 5 kts		
		Rejected Takeoff		
6		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff		
7		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
8		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide $\pm 10$ kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
		Constant Airspeed Climb IR		
9 Stabilized, coordinated, $V_{\gamma} \pm 5$ kts, hdg $\pm 10^{\circ}$ , level off alt $\pm 100^{\circ}$				
		Constant Airspeed Descent IR		
10		Stabilized, coordinated, a/s ±5 kts, hdg ±10°, level off alt ±100'		
		180° Level Turn IR		
11		Stabilized, coordinated, alt ±150', airspeed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
10		Electronic Navigation IR		
12		Tunes, selects course, alt ±150', airspeed ±10 kts, hdg ±10°, CDI 1/2 deflection		
10		Recovery from Unusual Attitudes IR		
13		Promptly to stabilized, level flight, coordinated, correct control sequence		
1.4				
14		Preflight test, in simulated IMC engages wing leveling, alt & heading/nav hold to return to VMC		
1		Electrical Failure		
15		Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, diternate, or return		
16		Energency Communications and ATC Resources		
10		Explain emergency communication procedures for requesting Arc assistance		
17		Short Field Approach and Landing		
1/		Stabilized approach and Landing		
10		Son Field Approach to the tauches down softly sut off nose maintains crossing correction		
10		No Flan Landing		
10		Slin as necessary +10 kts no drift smooth touchdown first 500'		
<u> </u>		After Landing Taxi Parking and Post Flight Procedures		
20		Uses checklists, complete/accurate		

A/C Type:	
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Customer signature:

Instructor signature:

Hobbs In: Hobbs Out: Total Time:

#### Flight Lesson 27 – Long Solo Cross Country – Solo

Objective: Solo cross-country flight of at least 150 nm total distance (at least 100 nm Pt. 141) with landings at three points. One segment must be greater than 50 nm straight-line distance between takeoff and landing.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
1		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
2		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
3		Departure, en route, destinations & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destinations/Alternates Facilities		
4		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
		Navigation Plan		
5		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
		Risk Management		
6		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the in-flight CARE checklist		
_		Single Pilot Resource Management		
/		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Lost Procedures		
8		Briefs steps to follow if unsure of position		
		Weight and Balance and Performance		
9		Briefs takeoff & landing W&B, takeoff & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
10		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
10		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Emergency Operations		
		Briefs what ifs of engine failure, engine fire, rough engine, electrical failure, NORDO		
12		IFSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS for each leg, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
12		En Route Landings		
15		Full stop landing each destination, rejueing (as necessary), weather briefing		
14		Alter Lanung, Taxi, Farking, Fost Flight Flocedules and Reideling		
14		Destflight Novigation Log and Conditions Poview		
15		Priofs instructor on planned varius actual GS_ETE_fuel used_track_airport operations & weather		
15		Briejs instructor on plannea versus actual 65, ETE, juei asea, track, airport operations & weather		

A/C Type:	
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Total Time:	

## STAGE 5

## Earning your Certificate

#### **Objectives:**

Learn about the Airman Certification Standards and the role they will play in your practical test. Review Federal Aviation Regulations applicable to a Private Pilot in VFR operations.

Review and perform all the appropriate maneuvers of the current Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards at or exceeding the designated standards.

Complete Pre-Checkride progress check

Complete the Private Pilot Practical Test

## Flight Lesson 28 – Maneuvers Review – Dual

Objective: Refine your skills with the Private Pilot tasks of steep turns, slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, emergencies, forward slips, and cross-wind, short field, and soft field takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Takeoff and Climb		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Steep Turns		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
9		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Power-On Stalls		
10		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions		
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Rectangular Course		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
1.4		S-Turns		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
1		Tums Around a Point		
12		Private Priot Airman Certification Standaras		
16		Closswind Approach and Landing		
10		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
17		Drivate Dilot Airman Certification Standards		
1/		Short Field Approach and Landing		
18		Drivate Dilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Go-Around/Rejected Landing		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Forward Slip to Landing		
20		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking and Post Flight Procedures		
21		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
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## King Schools, Inc.

## Private Pilot Flight Training Syllabus

#### Flight Lesson 29 — Maneuvers Practice — Solo

Objective: Practice the Private Pilot tasks of steep turns, slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, emergencies, forward slips, and cross-wind, short field, and soft field takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Steep Turns		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
_		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
/		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		
9		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		S-Turns		
10		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
11		Turns Around a Point		
		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
12		AS Assigned by Instructor		
12		Private Priot Airman Certification Standards		
12				
15		Private Prior Airman Certification Standards		
14		Solt-Field Apploach and Landing		
14		Short Field Approach and Landing		
15		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
15		Findle Phot Annual Certification Standards		
16		Private Bilot Airman Cartification Standards		
10		After Landing, Taxi, Parking and Post Flight Procedures	<u> </u>	
17		Drivate Dilat Airman Certification Standards		
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Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	

#### Flight Lesson 30-1 – **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review** – Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Airman Certification Standards	1	1
1		Introduction (Special Emphasis Areas), Applicant's Checklist & Areas of Operation and Tasks		
		Single-Pilot Resource Management	1	
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Risk Management	1	
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Aeronautical Decision-Making		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Task Management		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Situational Awareness		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Controlled Flight into Terrain (CFIT)		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Automation Management		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Positive Exchange of Flight Controls		
9		Explains and uses the positive three-step exchange of controls		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
10		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Land and Hold Short Operations (LAHSO)		
11		Explains where to find if an airport uses LAHSO, procedures, restrictions & options		
12		Runway Incursion Avoidance		
		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Certificates and Documents		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airworthiness Requirements		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Weather Information		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Cross-Country Flight Planning		
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		National Airspace System		
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<u> </u>	
		Performance and Limitations		
18		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<b>_</b>	
10		Operation of Systems		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<u> </u>	
20		Aeromedical Factors		
		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<u> </u>	
24		Prenignt inspection		
21		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
22		COCKPIL Management		
22		Private Prior Airman Certification Standards		
22		Eligine Stalling		
23		Private Prior Airman Certification Standards		
24		I axiii y Drivata Bilat Airman Cartification Standarda		
Z4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standaras		

### Flight Lesson 30-2 – **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review pg 2** – Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Before Takeoff Check		
25		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications and ATC Light Signals		
26		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Traffic Patterns		
27		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airport, Runway and Taxiway Signs, Markings and Lighting		
28		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
29		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
30		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
24		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
31		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
22		Soπ-Fleid Approach and Landing		
32		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
22		Short-Field Takeon and Maximum Performance Climp		
33		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
24		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
54		Finale Phot Annual Certification Standards		
25		Polward Slip to a Landing		
		Go-Around/Rejected Landing		
36		Drivate Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
50		Steen Turns		
37		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		
38		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
S-Turns				
39		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns Around a Point		
40		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Pilotage and Dead Reckoning		
41		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Navigation Systems and Radar Services		
42		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Diversion		
43		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
44		Lost Procedures		
		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
45		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
46		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	ļ	ļ
47		Power-On Stalls		
47	<u> </u>	Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
40		Spin Awareness		
48		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

#### Flight Lesson 30-3 – **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review pg 3** – Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:	ate: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Straight-and-Level Flight IR		
49		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Constant Airspeed Climbs IR		
50		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Constant Airspeed Descents IR		
51		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns to Headings IR		
52		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Recovery from Unusual Flight Attitudes IR		
53		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications, Navigation Systems/Facilities and Radar Services		
54		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Descent		
55		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated)		
56		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions		
57		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
58 Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
	Night Preparation			
59		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	After Landing, Parking and Securing			
60		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

A/C Type:	
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Hobbs In:	
Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	

Customer signature:

### Flight Lesson 31-1 - Pre-Checkride Progress Check - Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	# ✓ Tasks/Standards		Meets	Continue
		Airman Certification Standards		
1		Introduction (Special Emphasis Areas), Applicant's Checklist & Areas of Operation and Tasks		
		Single-Pilot Resource Management		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Risk Management		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Aeronautical Decision-Making		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Task Management		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Situational Awareness		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Controlled Flight into Terrain (CFIT)		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Automation Management		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Positive Exchange of Flight Controls		
9		Explains and uses the positive three-step exchange of controls		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
10		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Land and Hold Short Operations (LAHSO)		
11		Explains where to find if an airport uses LAHSO, procedures, restrictions & options		
		Runway Incursion Avoidance		
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Certificates and Documents		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airworthiness Requirements		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Weather Information		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Cross-Country Flight Planning		
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
47		National Airspace System		
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		Periormance and Limitations	1	
18		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	-	
10		Operation of Systems		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	-	
20		Aeromeuical Factors		
		Private Phot Airman Certification Standards		
21		Freinght Inspection		
21		Cocknit Management		
22		Drivate Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Engine starting		
22		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	1	
23		Taxiing	+	
2/		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
<u> </u>	1	invate mot similar certification standards		1

### Flight Lesson 31-2 — Pre-Checkride Progress Check pg 2 — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Before Takeoff Check		
25		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications and ATC Light Signals		
26		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Traffic Patterns		1
27		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airport, Runway and Taxiway Signs, Markings and Lighting		
28		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
29		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
30		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
21		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
31		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<b></b>	
22		Son-Fleid Approach and Landing		
32		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<b> </b>	
22				
		Private Priot Airman Certification Standards	<b> </b>	
3/		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
54		Findle Phot Annual Certification Standards	<u> </u>	
35		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
- 55		Go-Around/Rejected Landing		
36		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
50		Steep Turns		
37		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		
38		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		S-Turns		
39		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns Around a Point		
40		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Pilotage and Dead Reckoning		
41		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Navigation Systems and Radar Services		
42		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
42		Diversion		
43		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards	<b></b>	
		LOST Procedures		
44		Private Priot Airman Certification Standards	<b> </b>	
15		Intervening During Slow Flight		
45		Power-Off Stalls	<u> </u>	
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-On Stalls		
47		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
<u> </u>		Spin Awareness	<u> </u>	
48		, Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Straight-and-Level Flight IR	<u> </u>	
49		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

#### Flight Lesson 31-3 – Pre-Checkride Progress Check pg 3 – Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	$\checkmark$	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Constant Airspeed Climbs IR		
50	50 Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards			
	Constant Airspeed Descents IR			
51	51 Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards			
		Turns to Headings IR		
52		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Recovery from Unusual Flight Attitudes IR		
53		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications, Navigation Systems/Facilities and Radar Services		
54		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Descent		
55		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated)		
56		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions		
57		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
58		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Night Preparation		
59		PPrivate Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		After Landing, Parking and Securing		
60		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
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